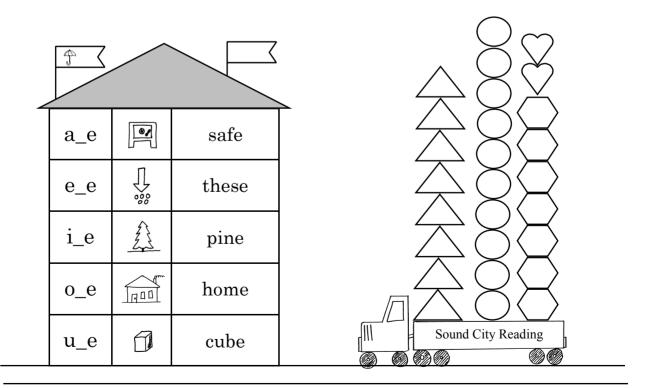


# Decoding Practice Unit 2





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<u>ゆみゆみゆみゆそみやそみそみそんん</u>

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#### **Suggestions for Using This Book**

This book can be used to provide decoding practice for beginning readers. Students can practice "sounding out" words with various vowel and consonant patterns. After reading a list of words, students will immediately apply the new pattern by reading some of the same words in sentences. Sight word pages also provide sight word review in sentences.

In my classroom, I introduce each new phonics pattern at a pocket chart using picture/word cards. These are available at

#### www.soundcityreading.com

After students have been introduced to words with the new pattern, I have them read the appropriate decoding sheets from this book. They read the pages for me in their small reading groups, taking turns, one column, row, or sentence at a time. Then I send the sheet home to be read aloud to parents.

The sheets could also be used for independent study at school or to study with a partner.

I use a Sound Story, included in this book, to introduce the letter and phonogram sounds at the beginning of the year. I post the alphabet and sound pictures for reference throughout the year. See the notes that follow about the Sound Story.

**やややややややややややややややややややややややややややややや** 

The order in which the vowel and consonant patterns are introduced matches the first grade sequence in the Reading Street 2008 series by Scott Foresman. This book correlates with the stories in Unit 2.

#### Notes For Teachers and Parents About the Alphabet and Sound Story

The alphabet has twenty-six letters, but the sound story has forty-two pictures. One of the things that makes it difficult to learn to read is that there are more sounds in our language than letters of the alphabet. To compensate for this, some letters are used to represent more than one sound. Other sounds are represented by pairs of letters that give up their original sound to form a totally new sound. It sounds complicated, but here is a short summary of the alphabet sounds. It's really not too hard. Think about how you form the sounds with your mouth as you pronounce each sound.

The alphabet has twenty-one consonants: b, c, d, f, g, h, j, k, l, m, n, p, qu, r, s, t, v, w, x, y, z. Each consonant represents a sound. When you pronounce a consonant sound, you do something with your tongue, throat, or lips to create the sound. For example, when you say the n sound, you press your tongue against the roof of your mouth. When you say the m sound, you press your lips together.

Two consonant letters, c and k, represent the very same sound. In this program, each one has its own sound picture, but the sounds are the same.

There are five extra consonant sounds that are designated by pairs of letters, as follows: ch/chicken, sh/ship, th/thumb, th/this, ng/ring.

One more consonant sound does not have a typical letter pattern to represent it. It is the sound you hear in garage, measure, and vision. The dictionary shows this sound as zh.

The other alphabet sounds are called vowel sounds. You pronounce a vowel sound by "opening your throat." You don't put your lips together or touch the inside of your mouth with your tongue to pronounce a vowel sound. You just change the shape of your mouth. For some vowel sounds your mouth is stretched wide, for others, you drop your jaw and open your mouth more. For some vowel sounds (ou/ouch and oi/oil) you change the position of your mouth as you pronounce the sound.

The alphabet has five vowels: a, e, i, o, u. Each vowel can represent two sounds. The first sound for each vowel shown on the alphabet chart is known as the "short" sound, for no particular reason. The second sound for each vowel is known as the "long" sound. To show a long vowel sound to beginning readers, educators often put a straight line over the vowel like this ā.

(Sometimes people use a curved line that looks like a smile, ă, over vowels to show the short sound. I don't do this because it seems to create more confusion for the student.)

In addition to the five short vowel sounds and five long vowel sounds, there are five more vowel sounds that I call the "special" vowel sounds. These sounds are: ä/all, ö/to, ü/push, ou/ouch, and oi/oil. On the alphabet chart, two dots are used over the a, o, and u, to indicate the "special" sound. This gives the student a visual reference point to remember that this is not the usual sound. The two dots are called an umlaut, and they mean "different from the regular sound."

Altogether, we have talked about these sounds: 20 consonant sounds shown with 21 alphabet letters, 5 consonant sounds shown with pairs of consonants, 1 consonant sound without a distinct letter pattern, 5 short vowel sounds, 5 long vowel sounds, and 5 special vowel sounds. This gives us 41 different sounds, 26 consonant sounds and 15 vowel sounds.

Note: Everyone does not agree on the exact number of sounds in our language. When you look at different programs, you'll find that each is a little different.

#### How to Study the Story and Alphabet Charts

Read some of the story aloud to the student each day until you have read all of the story. For individual students, you can use the story in this book. For groups, the same sound story is available in a larger format. As you finish each section of the story, point to the sound picture, model the sound, and have the student repeat. If necessary, explain how to place the tongue, lips, and position of the mouth so that the student can pronounce the sound correctly.

Use the alphabet chart with pictures to review the letter sounds, and the remaining vowel and consonant charts to review the "beyond the alphabet" sounds, including the long vowels, "special" vowels, consonant digraphs, and consonant blends.

**Important:** If you model and explain a sound to the student but the student still doesn't pronounce the sound correctly, DON'T continue to correct the child. Just nod approval and continue with the lesson. Some sounds are difficult for young children to pronounce. Allow them to use their best approximation. Often, students will automatically correct these sounds over a period of time as they mature. If the problem continues, then a speech teacher should be consulted.

This chart is for the teacher, to show the correct sound for each letter or letter pair.

Pronunciation Guide					
Vowel Sounds Consonant Digraph Sour			onant Digraph Sounds		
a	ant	th	thumb		
e	egg	th	this		
i	in	sh	ship		
0	OX	ch	chicken		
u	up	ng	ring		
ā	baby	No set pattern	measure, garage, vision, azure		
ē	me				
i	tiger				
ō	go				
ö, ū	to, tulip				
ū	music				
ä	ball				
ü	push				
ou, ow	out, cow				
oi, oy	oil, boy				

# A Sound Story





### About Audrey and Brad - Part 1

One Saturday morning, Audrey and Brad sat in the den, watching the pendulum swing back and forth on the clock on the wall, "t, t, t, t." They were bored.	9 3 3 3 4 5 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6	+	H
"Hey, Mom," said Brad. "Can we walk down to the park?" "Yes," said Mom. "Be sure you are back in time for your violin lessons." Soon Audrey and Brad were swinging as high as they could at the park. They could hear the loud sound of the chains screeching as they went back and forth, "i, i, i, i."		•	Ι
Then they jumped down and ran around the park playing chase. Before long, they were out of breath. Brad could hear himself breathing hard, "h, h, h, h."		h	Н
They ran home and their Mom drove them to their violin lessons. Mrs. Russ was pleased to see them. "Did you practice every day?" she said. "I did," said Audrey quickly. Brad replied that he had practiced, too.		<del>-</del>	Ī
Soon they were playing music. Each violin made a beautiful sound as they pulled their bows across the strings. The sound was "l, l, l, l, l."			

Just as they arrived home from their music lesson, they heard the "n, n, n" sound of the engine on a big delivery truck. It pulled into their driveway and the delivery man handed Mom a package. Audrey and Brad were pleased to see that new books had arrived from their book club.		n	Ν
As they went into the house, they could see dark clouds gathering overhead. Soon, lightning was flashing and rain was pouring down. The wind blew hard enough to make the branches on the trees sway back and forth. Audrey and Brad could hear the sound of the wind forcing it's way into the house around the front door, "wwwwww."		W	W
"Well," said Mom. "The weather is so bad, this is the perfect time to go over your math facts." It was Brad's turn to go first. "Uuuuhhh," was all he could say as he looked at the flashcards. He had not been practicing his math facts. When Audrey had her turn, she got every one right.		u	U
They ate lunch and then Audrey and Brad and Dad got into the car to go to basketball practice. The wind had stopped blowing, but it was still drizzling. At the gym, all the kids on the team warmed up by dribbling a basketball. "B, b, b, b," was the sound of the balls bouncing on the hardwood floor. Then they practiced passing and shooting.		Ь	В
After basketball practice they went home. Soon, Mom called Audrey and Brad to dinner. "Mmmmmm," they said when they saw their plates. They were having scrambled eggs, ham, and muffins. It looked delicious.		m	M
Just as they sat down to eat, they heard a loud "Rrrrrr" coming from the back yard. They ran to look out the back door. Chewie had cornered a neighborhood cat in the yard. She was growling at the cat.	The same of the sa	r	R

The cat had no intention of putting up with Chewie. She reached out and scratched Chewie right on the nose, "fffff." Chewie cried out in pain as the cat quickly jumped over the fence and ran away.		f	F
"Poor, Chewie!" said Brad. "She'll know to leave cats alone, next time." He reached into the refrigerator and pulled out a soft drink. "Kssss," was the sound of the air rushing out as he pulled the tab off the can.	Cemor	X	X
After dinner, the whole family watched a movie together. It was pretty good. One character was a man who couldn't hear very well. He kept saying "Ehh?" whenever someone spoke to him. He couldn't understand a word they were saying. "That man should get hearing aides," said Mom. "He could hear much better with them."	500	е	E
The following Monday morning, Audrey and Brad took the bus to school. As Audrey slipped into her desk, she saw that a classmate had brought a snake to school in a cage. They talked about the snake during science class. It slithered around in its cage, flicking its tongue in and out with a soft "sssss" sound.		S	S
Audrey worked hard all morning. After lunch, her class went outside for recess. She enjoyed jumping rope with her friends. The rope made a "j, j, j" sound as it slapped the concrete.		j	J
After recess Audrey realized that her throat was hurting. It had been sore all day, but now it was worse. Her teacher sent her to the office to see the school nurse. Audrey opened her mouth wide and said "oooooo" while the nurse examined her throat. Then the nurse took her temperature. "You don't have a fever," said the nurse. "It will be all right for you to go back to class."	Ô	0	0

Back in the classroom, Audrey picked up her pencil to begin her afternoon assignment. "Ccc," the lead broke on her pencil as soon it touched the paper. She reached into her desk to get out another sharpened pencil. It was a good thing she had an extra one.	С	С
At 2 o'clock, Audrey heard a knock at the door, "d, d, d." It was her father, Dr. Davis, coming to help students work on the computers in the back of the room. It wasn't Audrey's turn to work on the computers, today, so she smiled at her dad and then continued working on her assignment.	d	D
At the end of the day, Audrey and Brad met their bus group in the hall. Their bus teacher waited for their group to be called. As they stepped outside, they could barely see their bus in the distance, already on its way. "AAAaaa!" screamed Audrey and Brad. All the children were upset. "It's OK," said the teacher. "We'll call your parents to come pick you up."	a	A
The children waited in the office for their parents. They could hear the sound of the vacuum cleaner as Mrs. Taylor vacuumed the rug, "vvvvv."	V	V
Brad was thirsty, so he asked for permission to go to the hall to get a drink of water. He went straight to the water fountain. He turned the handle and leaned over to swallow the gushing water. "G, g, g, g," went the water as it streamed out of the faucet. "G, g, g, g," went his throat as he guzzled the water.	g	G
When Mom arrived at school she took them straight to the doctor's office to get Audrey's throat checked. She wanted to be sure it wasn't strep throat. As they waited in the waiting room, they watched the fish swim back and forth in a large aquarium. They could hear the the "p, p, p, p" sound of the air pump pushing air into the water.	р	Р

Audrey looked up when she heard the "k, k, k" sound of the receptionist's heels stepping across the tile floor. "I need to ask you a question about your insurance," said Mrs. Kendrick to Audrey's mother. "Certainly," said her mother, as she stepped to the office counter.		_ <b>X</b>	K
When Audrey's exam was finished, the doctor said that she didn't have strep throat after all. Mom was relieved. As Audrey, Brad and Mom returned to their car, Brad accidentally stepped on a piece of yucky bubble gum. "Yyyy," he said. He tried to scrape it off on the edge of the sidewalk.	THE	ک	Y
Mom took the kids to the park on the way home. They sat at a picnic table and had a snack that she had packed. It was a pretty day. They could hear a mourning dove cooing in the distance, "coo, coo, coo."		<del>q</del> u	Qu
Suddenly they heard a loud buzzing sound, "zzzzzzz." They turned to see an enormous swarm of bees moving through the air. It landed in a pine tree near their picnic table. Other bees flew around in the air nearby. "Let's go home," they all yelled in unison. And that is exactly what they did.		Z	Z

Sound Story - Part 2			
	Sh	sh	
	Ш	ΙΦ	
		Ō	
	Th	th	
	<u> </u>	<del> </del>	
		O:	
		Sh	

By this time Mom was calling everyone to come to breakfast. Brad pulled a paper out of his backpack and carried it downstairs. It was his spelling test for the week. He proudly hung it on the refrigerator. At the top of the paper was a large red $A$ .	Name Brad  Spelling  ground out mouth couch flour shout mountain loud	Ā	ā
When they were finished eating, Brad and Audrey got dressed and went outside. A white blanket of snow covered the ground.  Everything was quiet. They looked up and saw a large crow sitting in the tree beside their driveway. He flapped his wings and let out a loud "aw, aw, aw, aw" before he flew away.		Ä	:a
As Audrey and Brad walked down the driveway, their feet crunched in the deep snow. Ch, ch, ch, ch. A few snowflakes were still falling. The whole neighborhood was beautiful.		Ch	ch
Audrey and Brad decided to have a snowball throwing contest. They took turns throwing the snowballs at the basketball backboard that stood beside the driveway. "Nnnggg," went the backboard as Brad's snowballs hit. "Nnngg," it sang out again as Audrey's snowballs hit, too.			ng
Then Audrey and Brad decided to build a snowman. They rolled up balls of snow for the head and middle part of the snowman. Then Brad rolled up a huge ball of snow for the bottom of the snowman. He rolled until he couldn't go any farther. "Uuuuhh," he said as he pushed hard against the giant snowball. "That's as far as I can go."		Ü	ü

Audrey noticed some icicles hanging down from the front porch. As she reached up to get an icicle, she slipped on the icy concrete and fell. "Ou," she said in a loud voice as her elbow hit the icy pavement. Brad went to help Audrey up. She stood up carefully and rubbed her arm. She decided to leave the icicles where they were.	Ou Ow	ou ow
After Audrey and Brad finished the snowman, Dad and Mom came outside to shovel the snow off of the front driveway. They all took turns shoveling the snow. Audrey and Brad worked hard, too. After a long time, the driveway was clear. "You two did a great job," said Mom. "Thanks for your help."	Ū	ū
"Hey, now we have room to use our new pogo stick," said Brad. He ran into the garage and brought it out. He started to jump up and down with it on the driveway. "Oi, oi, oi," went the coiled spring on the pogo stick as he bounced up and down. When he got tired, Audrey took a turn jumping, too.	Oi Oy	oi oy
Finally both of the children were worn out.  They were tired, cold, and wet from being out in the snow all morning. They went inside and changed into some warm dry clothes.  Audrey's mom used the hair dryer to dry her damp hair. "Zzzzhhhh," was the sound of the hair dryer as it blew. (The sound in measure, vision, garage, azure)		
After eating peanut butter and jelly sandwiches and apples for lunch, everybody picked out a good book and curled up in front of the wood burning stove in the den to read for a while. They spent a cozy afternoon reading together.		

Here are the letters from Part 1 of the Sound Story, in alphabetical order.

Look at the letters and say each sound.

a A	b E	3	c	C	d	D	e E
f F	g G	<del>१</del> प्र	h	Н	iI	īĪ	j J
						G	
k K	1 L	l	m	M	n	N	οО
		•					
pР	qu G	<b>)</b> u	r	R	S	S	t T
			1	N. s			(a) 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2
u U	v V	W	W	$\mathbf{x}$	X	y Y	z Z
(1,0)				Lemon			

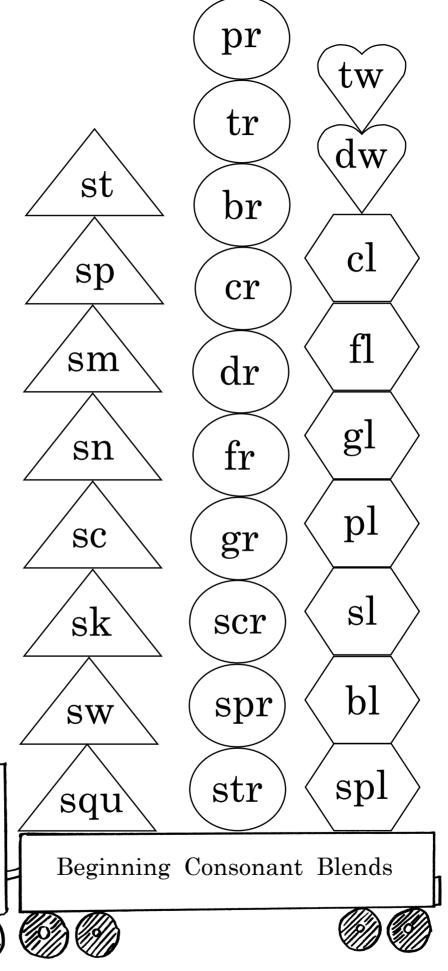
These are the "beyond the alphabet" sounds from Part 2 of the Sound Story. They include the long vowel sounds, special vowel sounds, and consonant digraphs. Look at each letter or letter pair and say the sound. Then say the sounds for all of the vowels on the next page.

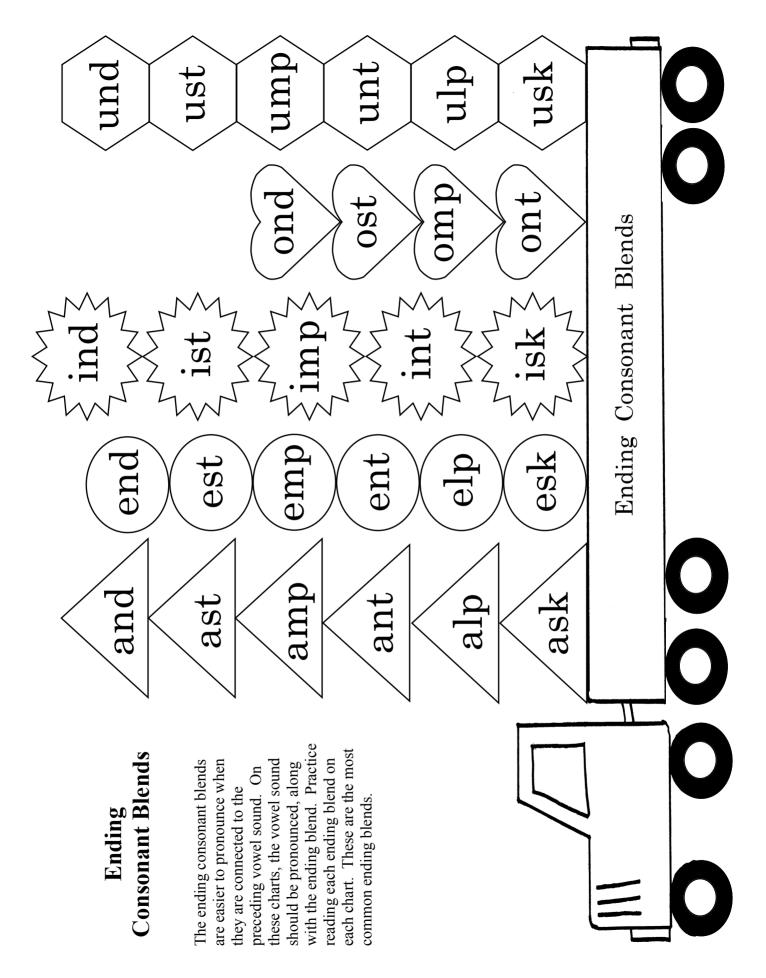
the vowels on the next page.				
Long Vowels				
ā	ē	ī	ō	ū
Name Brad Spelling  ground out mouth couch flour mountain loud			S. A.	
	Sp	pecial Vowe	els	
ä	ö	ü	ou	oi
	* x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x			
	Cons	onant Digr	aphs	
th	$\mathbf{th}$	sh	ch	ng
This last consonant sound is found in various words, but it does not have a set pattern.				
	garage vision measure azure			

Short Vowels	Long Vowels	Special Vowels
a common of the second	Name Brad  Spelling  Ground out  mouth couch  flour shout  mountain loud	ä
e	ē	
i		
O	Ō	Ö * * * *
u	ū	ü

#### Beginning Consonant Blends

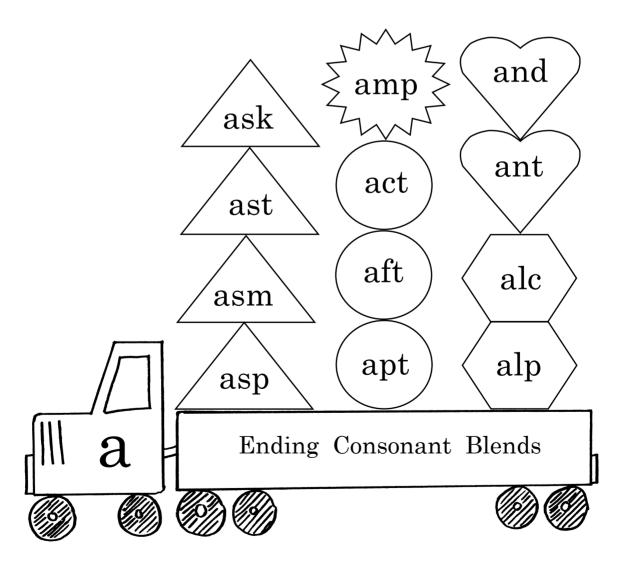
A consonant blend is simply a pair of consonants (sometimes three) that come before or after a vowel. For instance, st is a consonant blend found at the beginnning of the word stop and at the end of the word fast. Both consonant sounds in a blend are pronounced, with the sounds coming close together. Practice saying these consonant blends.

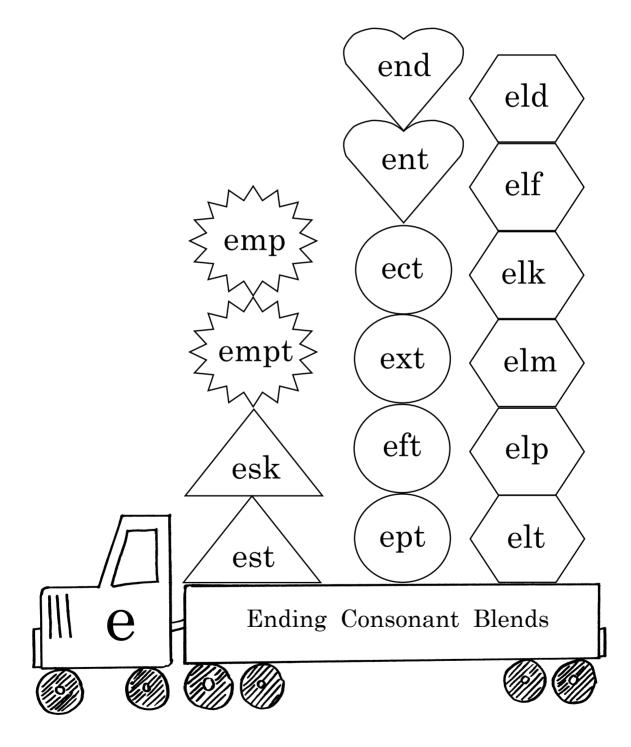


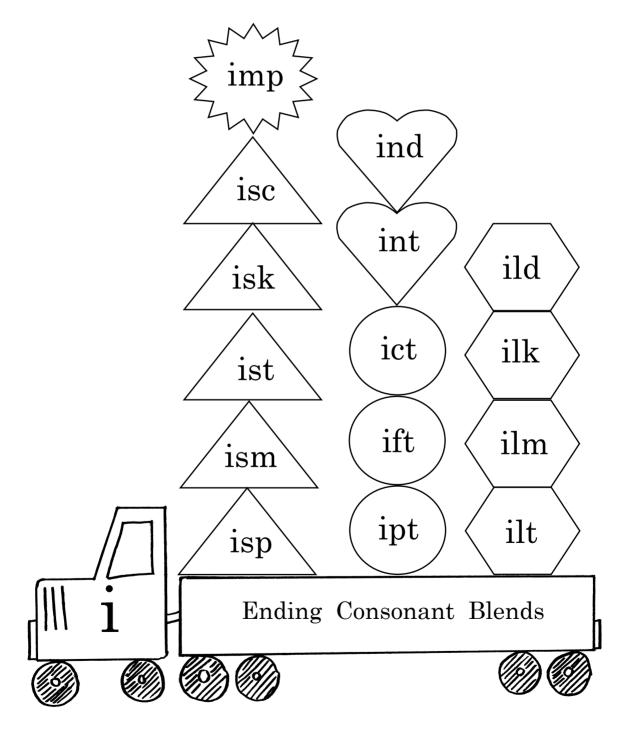


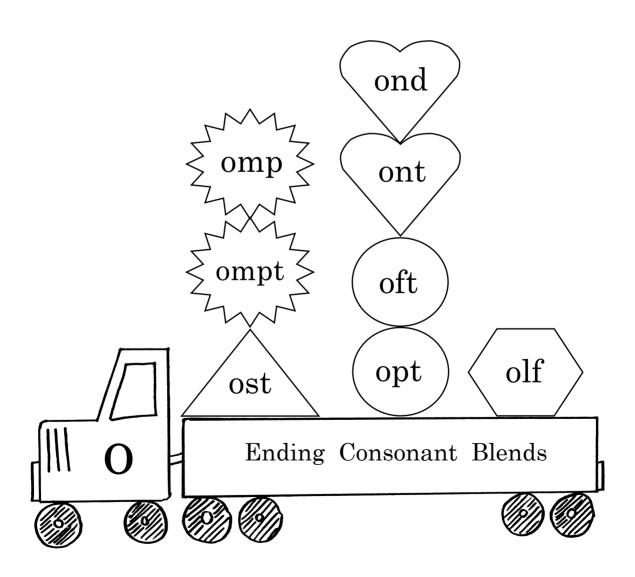
### **Ending Consonant Blends**

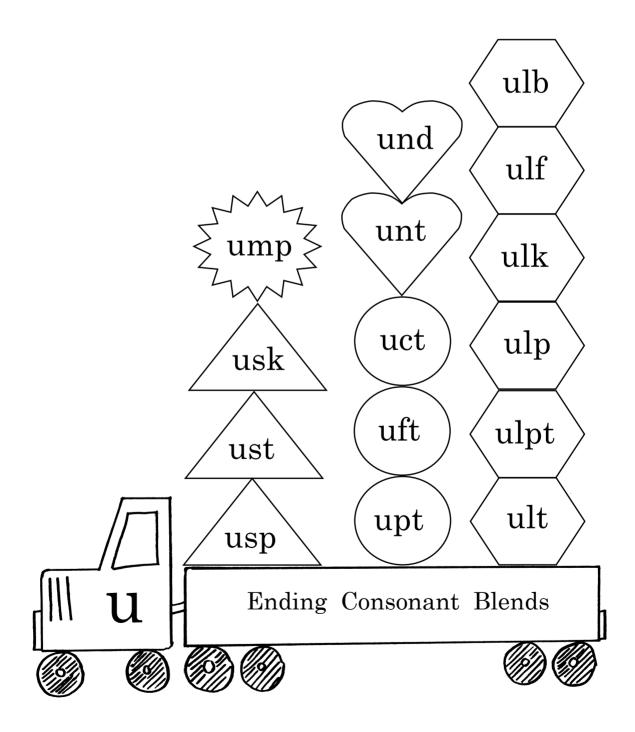
The ending consonant blends are easier to pronounce when they are connected to the preceding vowel sound. On these charts, the vowel sound should be pronounced, along with the ending blend. Practice reading the ending blends on each chart.











${ m sh}$		ship
ship	cash	fish
shin	rash	wish
shut	mash	dish
shell	sash	hush
shed	gash	rush
shop	dash	mush
sham	lash	gush
$\operatorname{shot}$	hash	lush
shack	ash	mesh
* shall	shē	Josh

1

sh		ship
swish	crash	finish
slosh	clash	radish
fresh	stash	polish
flesh	smash	punish
$\operatorname{shelf}$	flash	banish
${ m she}$	brash	lavish
slush	trash	perish
blush	plush	vanish
brush	crush	relish

# sh





#### ship

- 1. I wish I had a dog.
- 2. Mom is going to the pet shop.
- 3. The trash is in the can.
- 4. Kim has six shells in a box.
- 5. Kim shuts the box.
- 6. Kim sets the box on the shelf.
- 7. Josh is fishing at the pond.
- 8. The bus will not crash.
- 9. A pot is in the shed.
- 10. Jill is in a rush.
- 11. The hot dogs are on the dish.

### look

# for



- 1. Look at the fish in the pond.
- 2. We will look at the pets in the pet shop.
- 3. The gifts are for Mom.
- 4. She is looking for shells in the sand.
- 5. I have cash for the kids.
- 6. Look at the big ships!
- 7. Here is a red cap for Ben.
- 8. Mom and Dad got two little cats for me.
- 9. Do not look at me.

thumb	th	this
thumb	bath	this
thin	math	that
thick	path	than
thud	moth	them
thump	broth	then
$\operatorname{Beth}$	$\operatorname{cloth}$	thus
$\operatorname{Seth}$	$\operatorname{sloth}$	the
${ m Rar uth}$	$\operatorname{froth}$	with
trūth	bōth	$\operatorname{smith}$





# th





#### thumb

- 1. This is a fat cat.
- 2. That is a thin dog.
- 3. That dog will get a bath.
- 4. Beth went with Mom in the van.
- 5. That big box fell with a thud.
- 6. Dad will get them a snack.
- 7. The frog jumps into the pond with a plop.
- 8. A moth is on the cloth.
- 9. I will swim, and then I will rest.
- 10. Ed will go on the bus with me.

## three

# they



- 1. Three cats sit in the sun. They are hot.
- 2. I see three fish in the pond. They swim fast.
- 3. Three shells are in the box.
- 4. Three kids went with Dad. They had fun.
- 5. Three eggs are in the nest.
- 6. Jan has three dogs. They are big dogs.
- 7. The three men like to fish. Will they get a fish here?
- 8. Brad will get three gifts from his mom and dad.

äll ball	äl	älk talk
ball	salt	talk
call	malt	walk
fall	Walt	calk
tall	halt	balk
hall	bald	stalk
gall	scald	
mall	calm	
pall	palm	
wall	false	
small	alsō	
stall	almōst	
* shall		ä





ball

äl



salt

älk



talk

- 1. Jim will not fall off the wall.
- 2. I will call Ed and talk to him.
- 3. Mom will salt the eggs.
- 4. All of us had fun at the mall.
- 5. The ball hit the wall.
- 6. T. Rex was tall.
- 7. The man in the red cap is bald.
- 8. Beth and I are walking to the pet shop.
- 9. Here are three small ants in the grass.



ä

# yöu

# said



- 1. You can call me at three o'clock.
- 2. I will talk to you at the mall.
- 3. Mom said I can go.
- 4. Walt said he likes to walk his dog.
- 5. Do you have a pet?
- 6. You must not fall off the wall.
- 7. Dad said we can have a snack.
- 8. Can you do three tricks?
- 9. Are you looking for the cat?
- 10. They said to walk in the hall.
- 11. You must look at this big fish.

wä_		wasp
wasp	wad	wallet
want	wan	waffle
wand	wash	walnut
waft	watt	waltz
		waddle

## wä







wasp

- 1. Do you want a pet?
- 2. Yes, I want to get a pet.
- 3. Run from that wasp.
- 4. Who left a wad of gum here on the desk?
- 5. Is this a hundred watt bulb?
- 6. Jan will wash the pans.
- 7. Tom will wash the pots.
- 8. Mom is fixing waffles for us.
- 9. Jack said he lost his wallet.

a_	<u>e</u>	Name Brad Spelling  ground out mouth couch flour shout mountain loud	safe
Jane	male	care	spare
Dane	pale	dare	scare
lane	sale	bare	share
sane	tale	hare	snare
pane	bale	mare	flare
bane	kale	rare	blare
mane	hale	ware	glare
vane	gale	pare	base
plane	scale	fare	case
crane	stale	stare	vase
Shan	shale	* are	safe

a_	_e	Name Brad  Spelling  Ground out  mouth couch  flour shout  mountain loud	safe
fade	ate	plate	same
made	date	grate	came
jade	fate	slate	tame
wade	gate	spate	fame
bade	hate	skate	game
spade	late	state	lame
blade	sate	crate	name
glade	mate	Abe	blame
trade	Nate	babe	frame
grade	pate		flame
shade	rate		shame

a_	_e	Name Brad Spelling  ground out mouth couch flour shout mountain loud	safe
bake	flake	grape	cave
rake	brake	shape	save
sake	drake	scrape	rave
take	quake	haze	gave
lake	shake	daze	pave
cake	slake	faze	Dave
fake	ape	gaze	wave
Jake	tape	raze	slave
wake	nape	blaze	brave
snake	gape	graze	shave
stake	drape	glaze	* have

#### a\_e





safe

- 1. You will take the cake to Jane.
- 2. Dave said he will shut the gate.
- 3. Jake ate all of the eggs on his plate.
- 4. Pam will share the dolls.
- 5. Josh will tape his name to his desk.
- 6. Here is a snake in the grass.
- 7. Beth set the grapes on the plate.
- 8. Bob has a date, but he is late.
- 9. The fox ran into the cave.
- 10. Fred went to the lake to fish.
- 11. That dress is on sale at the mall.

a_	_e	Name Brad  Spelling  ground out  mouth couch flour shout  mountain loud	safe
mad	cam	plan	van
made	came	plane	vane
rat	tap	sham	pal
rate	tape	shame	pale
Sam	man	Jan	tam
same	mane	Jane	tame
fad	sat	glad	Dan
fade	sate	glade	Dane
hat	can	pan	bath
hate	cane	pane	bathe
nap	fat	gap	bass
nape	fate	gape	base

Short a, long a\_e. Practice reading the words.

a_	_e	Name Brad  Spelling  ground out  mouth couch  flour shout  mountain loud	safe
back	sack	lack	snack
bake	sake	lake	snake
tack	rack	Jack	stack
take	rake	Jake	stack
flack	quack	shack	slack
flake	quake	shake	slake
			scrap
			scrape

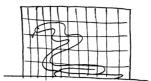
## bl<u>ūe</u> yell<u>ōw</u> gr<u>ēe</u>n



- 1. The grass is green.
- 2. The sun is yellow.
- 3. Jane has a blue dress.
- 4. They have a yellow ball.
- 5. Look at that green snake.
- 6. You can have the blue plate.
- 7. Mom said she will get the blue van.
- 8. Grace is looking for a yellow rock.
- 9. Nate likes green grapes.

ce ci	су		cent
$\operatorname{cent}$		dance	race
pencil		trance	face
rēcess		glance	lace
except	-	France	mace
princess	mince		pace
cell	wince		ace
$\operatorname{civet}$	quince		trace
civic	prince		grace
civil		fence	brace
Cēcil			place
			space
			bracelet

# ce ci cy





cent

- 1. We will trace this shape with a pencil.
- 2. The princess had a blue dress with lace.
- 3. Grace has ten cents.
- 4. Jane likes to dance.
- 5. Cecil is fixing the fence.
- 6. The prince will win the race.
- 7. The rocket went up in space.
- 8. The kids like recess the best.

ge	gi	gy 🏂	giant
	giant	hinge	age
	gem	fringe	page
n	nagic	singe	sage
suş	ggest	cringe	rage
Ē	ingel	binge	wage
d	igest	rānge	stage
	digit	orange	cage
le	gend		
	gym		
<b>,</b>	* get	* give	

# ge gi gy





giant

- 1. The rats are in a cage.
- 2. A giant is on this page.
- 3. The tall man did a magic trick.
- 4. The kids went up on the stage.
- 5. That man is a legend.
- 6. They have fun at gym class.
- 7. This bracelet has a red gem.
- 8. I suggest that we finish the project.

i_e			pine
pine	like	pipe	time
line	bike	ripe	dime
fine	Mike	wipe	lime
mine	hike	swipe	rime
nine	pike	gripe	mime
vine	spike	stripe	slime
spine	strike	dive	crime
twine	tribe	hive	grime
swine	bribe	five	prime
shine	scribe	drive	size
whine	life	wife	prize

i_€			pine
hide	mile	bite	fire
wide	pile	kite	hire
bide	Nile	site	dire
$\operatorname{ride}$	${\rm file}$	mite	mire
$\operatorname{side}$	${\rm tile}$	spite	sire
$\operatorname{tide}$	vile	smite	tire
$\operatorname{slide}$	rile	trite	wire
glide	stile	quite	ire
bride	smile	white	spire
pride	while	sprite	shire
stride	life	strife	squire

ce ci cy		cent
rice	nice	dice
mice	lice	vice
ice	twice	slice
price	spice	entice

## i\_e





- 1. It is time to pick up the games.
- 2. Mike likes to slide.
- 3. Will Jake win a prize?
- 4. Rick likes to drive his van.
- 5. Jan ran up the hill with the kite.
- 6. We will hike five miles.
- 7. Mom will slice the buns.
- 8. Grace fell on the slick ice.
- 9. Two mice hid in the box.
- 10. The princess has a nice smile.
- 11. Jake rides his bike up the hill.

a_e	safe	i_	e zine
bēcame	fi	remen	inquire
basement	fire	ehouse	sideways
inhale		inside	sidewalk
exhale	0	utside	admire
crēate	1	upside	beside
interstate		invite	divide
milkshake		desire	divine
mistake		entire	empire
compare		expire	polite
prēpare		ignite	retire
bēware	υ	ımpire	revise
software			

i_e	P.A.		pine
pin	bit	lick	spin
pine	bite	like	spine
fin	kit	pick	twin
fine	kite	pike	twine
tin	sit	mill	shin
tine	site	mile	shine
Tim	hid	pill	grip
time	hide	pile	gripe
rip	rid	$\operatorname{spit}$	slim
ripe	ride	spite	slime
fill	till	slid	grim
file	tile	slide	grime

Practice reading the sentences. The letter e never comes at the end of an English word. If v is the ending sound, it is always followed by an e.

#### li<u>vě</u>

## gi<u>vě</u>



Sight Words

- 1. Fish live in a pond.
- 2. I will give mom a blue dress.
- 3. Do you live here?
- 4. They all live on Lake Drive.
- 5. Who lives in a nest?
- 6. Did you give Dad a nice gift?
- 7. Will you give me a slice of that yellow cake?
- 8. They will give Mike a prize.

my

by



Sight Words

- 1. This is my desk.
- 2. I will sit by you.
- 3. Do you have my backpack?
- 4. They all like to sit by the pond.
- 5. Jane lives by Mike.
- 6. My mom and dad like to ride bikes.
- 7. My mice live in a cage.
- 8. We will drive by the pet shop.

$\operatorname{ch}$		chicken
chop	chomp	children
chin	champ	chicken
chips	chimp	ostrich
chill	chalk	sandwich
chick	chives	enchant
$\operatorname{check}$	chime	chopsticks
$\operatorname{chest}$	chase	chānge
chum	chant	

ch		chicken
rich	lunch	bench
which	bunch	French
much	munch	stench
such	crunch	drench
ranch	brunch	quench
branch	inch	wrench
blanch	pinch	trench
	winch	conch
	finch	
	flinch	

### ch





- 1. That man is quite rich.
- 2. Dad will chop logs for the fire.
- 3. Is it time for lunch yet?
- 4. I want a ham sandwich for lunch.
- 5. We will sit on this bench by the pond.
- 6. Do not pinch me.
- 7. The bells chime at ten o'clock.
- 8. Jeff likes to chase Jane at recess.
- 9. The children had chips and dip for a snack.
- 10. Three chickens ate bugs by the gate.
- 11. The chalk is on my desk.

tch			√ Ø match
match	itch	hutch	etch
batch	pitch	Dutch	fetch
catch	ditch	clutch	sketch
hatch	witch	crutch	stretch
latch	hitch	notch	hatchet
patch	Mitch	botch	ketchup
snatch	glitch	crotch	ratchet
scratch	stitch	Scotch	satchel
thatch	twitch	blotch	kitchen
* wätch	* swätch		<u>-</u>

### tch





#### match

- 1. Can you catch the ball?
- 2. Mom will patch my blue pants.
- 3. A crutch can help you walk.
- 4. He will stretch his legs. Then he will jog.
- 5. My dog can fetch a stick.
- 6. I like ketchup on my hotdog.
- 7. Mom is fixing lunch in the kitchen.
- 8. Little chicks will hatch from the eggs.
- 9. We will watch the fish swim in the pond.
- 10. Mike shut the latch on the gate.
- 11. You can make a fire with a match.

wh	wheel
when	whippet
whip	whale
whiz	white
whiff	whine
whisk	while
which	whizz
whet	whittle
whim	* what
<b>L</b>	

#### wh





#### wheel

- 1. When will Mom take us to the mall?
- 2. Jane will mix the eggs with a whisk.
- 3. He will crack the whip at the big cats.
- 4. A whippet is a thin dog that can run fast.
- 5. A whale is not a fish.
- 6. We will sit here for a while.
- 7. What time is it?
- 8. Which dress will Pam pick?
- 9. Pam will pick the white dress.

## wh





who

whö whōle

whöm

whöse

- 1. Who will help me finish this project?
- 2. Whose lunch box is on my desk?
- 3. Dan ate the whole cake. He will get sick.
- 4. Who went on the hike with you?
- 5. To whom did you send that gift?
- 6. I will tell you who I like the best.

O_	_e		home
bone	rope	hole	joke
cone	hope	pole	poke
tone	cope	sole	woke
lone	mope	mole	yoke
zone	Pope	role	spoke
stone	lope	dole	smoke
clone	slope	stole	stoke
shone	scope	* whole	broke
doze	grope		
froze			

o_e		home
$\operatorname{rode}$	tote	nose
code	quote	rose
mode	smote	hose
node	cove	pose
bode	wove	dose
lode	stove	close
vote	clove	prose
note	drove	those
rote	grove	dome
dote	home	Rome

o_e		home
core	store	clothes
bore	score	bēfore
$ ext{fore}$	spore	ignore
more	snore	devote
sore	shore	tadpole
pore	Lenore	explore
tore	lobe	explode
wore	robe	suppose
yore	globe	
ore	probe	
lore		
<u> </u>		

#### $o_e$





#### home

- 1. It is time to go home.
- 2. Get my yellow robe for me.
- 3. Mom drove to the store.
- 4. Dogs like bones.
- 5. Rose woke up at six o'clock.
- 6. Cole rode a black horse.
- 7. The flag is at the top of the pole.
- 8. I hope we win the ball game.
- 9. We will pick up the red stones.
- 10. You can have the whole cake.
- 11. Pat dug a hole.

Long  $o_e$  , short o. Practice reading the words.

o_e			home
hop	$\operatorname{rob}$	not	$\operatorname{rod}$
hope	robe	note	rode
doll	Ross	lob	nod
dole	rose	lobe	node
con	pop	mop	lop
cone	pope	mope	lope
$\operatorname{dot}$	$\operatorname{rot}$	tot	slop
dote	rote	tote	slope
$\operatorname{smock}$	$\operatorname{stock}$	chock	$\operatorname{cod}$
$\operatorname{smoke}$	stoke	choke	$\operatorname{code}$
jock	dot	glob	$\operatorname{cloth}$
joke •	dote	globe	clothe

Practice reading the words and sentences.

<b>©_e</b>	0,0	» love
love	come	done
dove	bēcome	none
glove	some	* one
	somewhere	* once
1 Will Luke o	come with me?	

- 2. Steve loves his dog.
- None of you will help me.
- 4. Pete lost one of his gloves.
- 5. Some of the kids did not get on the bus.
- 6. A dove sat on the fence.
- 7. June has done a nice job.

#### one

#### once



- Sight Words
- 1. One small box is on the shelf.
- 2. Once I went to see a baseball game.
- 3. Once upon a time, three little pigs went on a walk.
- 4. Rose has one dime.
- 5. Jake ate one sandwich for lunch.
- 6. Once I rode my bike to the pet shop.
- 7. One rocket ship went into space.
- 8. We will go on this ride one time.

# four

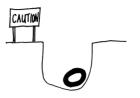
# eight



- 1. Eight kids went on the bus.
- 2. Four kids went in the van.
- 3. Cole is four.
- 4. Grace is eight.
- 5. Pat ran eight miles.
- 6. Four mice are in the cage.
- 7. Eight shells are in the box.
- 8. Rick will tell four jokes to the class.
- 9. One, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten!

	Contractions	
${f I}$	will	I'll
he	will	he'll
${ m she}$	will	she'll
we	will	we'll
you	will	you'll
it	will	it'll
they	will	they'll
who	will	who'll
I	am	I'm

	, •	
Linnt	raction	7
OIIU.	τασυτσι	TO



did	not	didn't
is	not	isn't
should	not	shouldn't
could	not	couldn't
would	not	wouldn't
are	not	aren't
has	not	hasn't
have	not	haven't
had	not	hadn't
does	not	doesn't
must	not	mustn't
was	not	wasn't
were	not	weren't
do	not	dōn't
will	not	wōn't



## Contractions





- 1. We didn't want to go home.
- 2. Max won't go to bed.
- 3. I'm going to ride my bike.
- 4. He'll pick up the shells.
- 5. She'll bake a cake.
- 6. Jan can't catch the ball.
- 7. The cat wasn't on the mat.
- 8. I hope they'll win the game.
- 9. You'll have fun with all of the kids.
- 10. We aren't going on the bus.
- 11. Don't poke the dog.

	flute	u_e	cube
tune	duke	puce	cute
June	Luke	truce	mute
dune	fluke	spruce	jute
prune	dupe	cure	lute
mule	huge	lure	flute
rule	fume	pure	brute
Yule	flume	sure	costume
rude	plume	use	volume
dude	Neptune	fuse	excuse
nude	rēfuse	muse	molecule





## u e





cube

- flute
- 1. Luke has a cute little cat.
- 2. The duke has a red plume on his hat.
- 3. June will bake a cake.
- 4. Don't be rude to me.
- 5. Kate has a huge dog.
- 6. The vet will cure the sick mule.
- 7. Be sure to finish this job.
- 8. Jake made a black costume.
- 9. We'll stack up the cubes.
- 10. You can use a pencil to trace the shapes.
- 11. The mule won't go up the hill.

	flute U_E	cube
cut	mutt	duck
cute	mute	duke
luck	dun	mull
Luke	dune	mule
dud	hug	plum
dude	huge	plume
us	truck	fuss
use	truce	fuse
jut		
jute		

e_e	these
Pete	eke
mete	Zeke
here	Swede
mere	trapeze
eve	stampede
Eve	athlete
Steve	Chinese
these	extreme
theme	concrete

## $e_e$





- 1. Here is a black cat.
- 2. Here is a yellow cat.
- 3. These cats are little.
- 4. Here is a white dog.
- 5. Here is a red dog.
- 6. These dogs are big.
- 7. The men will mix the concrete.
- 8. Steve is a fine athlete.
- 9. Pete will be here at ten o'clock.
- 10. Eve and Zeke will help me.
- 11. We will watch the man on the trapeze.

#### were



- 1. We were going on the bus.
- 2. They were going in a van.
- 3. The cats were by the gate.
- 4. The pigs were in the mud.
- 5. The fish were in the pond.
- 6. Were you at the mall?
- 7. No, we were at the pet shop.
- 8. Jake and Cole were helping.
- 9. Steve and Pete were pitching the ball.

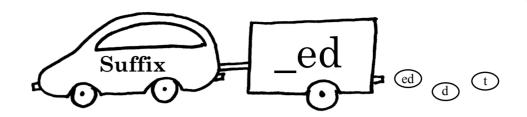
#### there

### where



- 1. Where is the mule?
- 2. The mule is in the fence.
- 3. Where are the mice?
- 4. The mice are in the cage.
- 5. Where are the kids?
- 6. The kids are on the bus.
- 7. There are a lot of fish in this pond.
- 8. There are a lot of stones in the ditch.
- 9. Where are the cats?
- 10. There they are. They are by the stove.

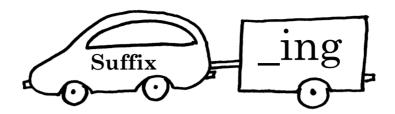
<u></u>	Suffix	ed d t
melt melted	grill grilled	help helped
want	smell	jump
wanted	smelled	jumped
land	spill	match
landed	spilled	matched
twist	call	ask
twisted	called	asked
add	yell	wish
added	yelled	wished



- 1. The frog jumped into the pond.
- 2. Dad helped us pick up the mess.
- 3. The kids added three plus two.
- 4. The ice melted in the glass.
- 5. The dog smelled bad.
- 6. The men yelled for help.
- 7. Mom asked us to look for the dog.
- 8. The jet landed on a patch of grass.
- 9. The milk spilled on my desk.
- 10. Dad grilled hot dogs for lunch.
- 11. Ed called and asked me to go with him.

	Suffixj	ing
send	catch	call
sending	catching	calling
ask	rush	fish
asking	rushing	fishing

help	walk	jump
helping	walking	jumping



- 1. A frog is jumping in the grass.
- 2. His class is going to lunch.
- 3. The cat is resting on the bed.
- 4. Brad is walking his dog.
- 5. Jeff is helping his Mom wash the plates.
- 6. Eve is filling up the box.
- 7. Dad is packing the van.
- 8. We'll be camping at the top of the hill.
- 9. We'll go fishing at the pond.

ee			feet
week	eel	seen	$\operatorname{feet}$
meek	peel	teen	beet
leek	heel	keen	meet
seek	reel	peen	$\operatorname{sleet}$
peek	keel	green	fleet
reek	feel	preen	greet
creek	steel	queen	$\operatorname{skeet}$
sleek	freeze	beef	sweet
Greek	breeze	reef	tweet
geese	sneeze	teeth	cheese

ee			feet
see	need	deep	deer
bee	feed	jeep	jeer
tee	seed	keep	peer
fee	deed	beep	${ m steer}$
wee	heed	weep	sneer
Lee	reed	peep	cheer
tree	weed	seep	seem
free	speed	steep	teem
flee	steed	sleep	deem
glee	bleed	sweep	$\operatorname{sheep}$
three	greed	creep	coffee

ee





feet

- 1. I see a dog with big teeth.
- 2. She sees a deer in the grass.
- 3. Josh will feed the dogs.
- 4. Mom will go to the store in the jeep.
- 5. I will meet Jan at the mall.
- 6. Next week we'll go camping.
- 7. We'll sleep in a tent.
- 8. Ron feels bad. He is sick.
- 9. I can see three sheep by the tree.
- 10. That dog has big feet.
- 11. I'll have a ham and cheese sandwich.

ee		feet
met	Ned	pep
meet	need	peep
$\operatorname{fed}$	well	fell
$\operatorname{feed}$	wheel	feel
wed	red	bet
weed	reed	beet
$\operatorname{Bess}$	peck	Fred
bees	peek	${\rm freed}$
check	chess	$\operatorname{step}$
cheek	cheese	steep

### been



- 1. Have you been to the mall?
- 2. I have been at home.
- 3. Ed has been feeding the cats all week.
- 4. Brad has been walking the dog.
- 5. They have been watching the bees in that tree.
- 6. The mule has been standing by the gate.
- 7. The kids have been stacking up the blocks.
- 8. What have you been doing?
- 9. I have been sweeping the deck.
- 10. It has been hot all week.

Practice reading the words and sentences.

ē bē wē		© © © O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O
${ m b}ar{ m e}$	shē	bēgin
wē	mē	bēgan

- 1. Mom will let me get a pet.
- 2. She will get me a dog.
- 3. We will take it home with us.
- 4. It will be a lot of fun to take care of it.
- 5. It is time to begin the race.
- 6. Luke is fast. Will he win?
- 7. He will be sad if he can not win.
- 8. Help me do this job.
- 9. We began the hike at nine o'clock.

Syllable Study Closed	Closed
	0 0
hap pen	happen
rab bit	rabbit
at tic	attic
can not	cannot
cab in	cabin
cam el	camel
plan et	planet
bas ket	basket
nap kin	napkin
cac tus	cactus
ab sent	absent
tal ent	talent
mat tress	mattress
fan tas tic	fantastic
cab in et	cabinet

Syllable Study Closed	Closed
ten nis	tennis
El len	Ellen
sev en	seven
ex it	exit
pres ent	present
ex press	express
vel vet	velvet
hel met	helmet
ex pect	expect
el ev en	eleven
el ec tric	electric
pres id ent	president

Syllable Study Closed	Closed
mit ten	mitten
kit ten	kitten
hid den	hidden
pic nic	picnic
in vent	invent
it self	itself
in sect	insect
in spect	inspect
skil let	skillet
liq uid	liquid
vis it	visit
zig zag	zigzag
him self	himself

Syllab	le Study	Closed Closed
bon	net	bonnet
bob	bin	bobbin
fos	sil	fossil
hot	dog	hotdog
com	et	$\operatorname{comet}$
$\operatorname{rob}$	in	$\operatorname{robin}$
con	test	contest
clos	et	closet
con	tent	content
cob	web	cobweb
con	text	context
poc	ket	pocket
roc	ket	$\operatorname{rocket}$

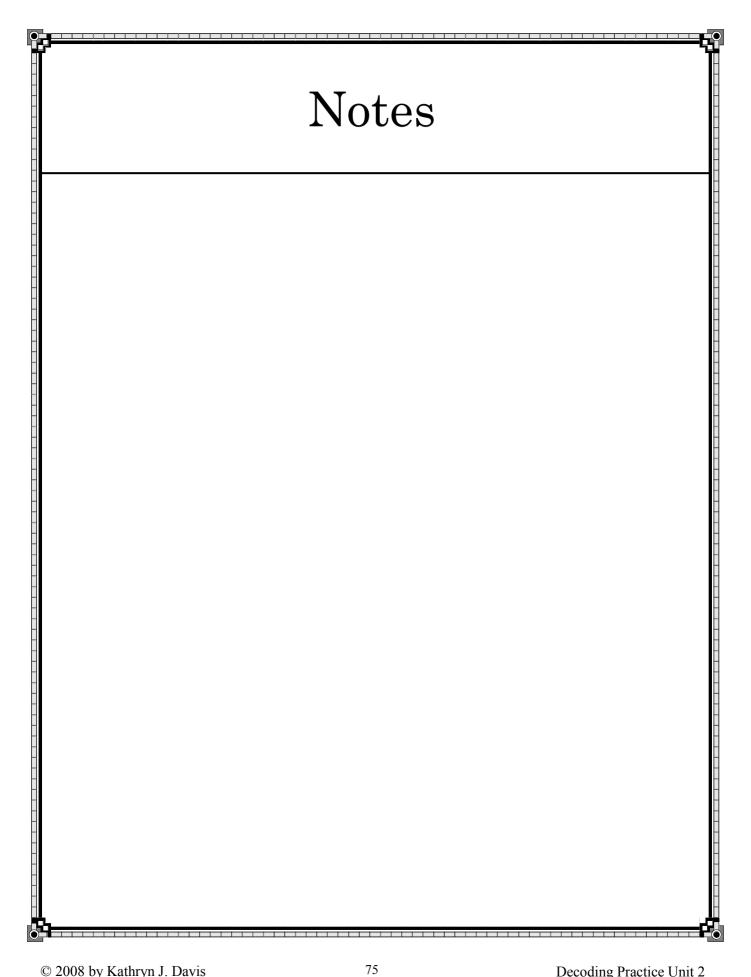
Syllable Study Closed	Closed
pup pet	puppet
tun nel	tunnel
sud den	sudden
muf fin	muffin
un til	until
hun dred	hundred
pump kin	pumpkin
un less	unless
Jus tin	Justin
rus tic	rustic
up on	upon
up set	upset
sul len	sullen

Sometimes you don't pronounce the vowel in the second syllable. When you sound out the word, follow the arrow. Skip the vowel and go straight to the next consonant.

Syllab	le Study	Closed Closed
sec	ond	$\operatorname{second}$
lem	on	lemon
les	son	lesson
$\operatorname{rib}$	bon	ribbon
bot	tom	bottom
cot	ton	cotton
wag	on	wagon
drag	on	$\operatorname{dragon}$
can	non	cannon
but	ton	button
her	on	heron
mel	on	melon

Sometimes you don't pronounce the vowel in the second syllable. When you sound out the word, follow the arrow. Skip the vowel and go straight to the next consonant.

Syllable Study Closed	Closed
ped al	pedal
pet al	petal
med al	medal
met al	metal
sal ad	salad
at las	atlas
Tex as	Texas
an im al	animal
can vas	canvas
sig nal	signal
mam mal	mammal
ras cal	rascal
san dal	sandal



$\alpha$ .	TT7 1	$\mathbf{T}$	•
Sight	$\mathcal{M} \cap \mathcal{M}$	К	Review
Digito	VVOIU	T	



 $Sight\ Words$ 

A was what I have little like five of from go to do who two are he we me The the see here you for look three they said blue yellow green live give my by one once four eight were there where				
five of from go to do who two are he we me The the see here you for look three they said blue yellow green live give my by one once four eight were there where	what	was	A	a
to do who two are he we me The the see here you for look three they said blue yellow green live give my by one once four eight were there where	like	little	have	I
are he we me The the see here you for look three they said blue yellow green live give my by one once four eight were there where	go	from	of	five
The the see here you for look three they said blue yellow green live give my by one once four eight were there where	two	who	do	to
you for look three they said blue yellow green live give my by one once four eight were there where	me	we	he	are
they said blue yellow green live give my by one once four eight were there where	here	see	the	The
green live give my by one once four eight were there where	three	look	for	you
by one once four eight were there where	yellow	blue	said	they
eight were there where	my	give	live	green
	four	once	one	by
been	where	there	were	eight
				been